FY20-FY22 Budget Impacts

Permanent/Ongoing Core Funding

- Net increase in Core Funds Revenue from FY20 to FY22 was 2.2%
 - Core Funds Revenue was approximately \$570 million in FY19
 - 56% of Core Funds Revenue comes from tuition
 - Tuition has not risen since 2017
 - 44% of Core Funds Revenue comes from California General Funds
 - In FY21, General Fund revenue was cut by 10.4% due to pandemic reduction in state allocation to UC
 - In FY22, Legislature restored \$31.4 million of permanent funding that was previously cut from the FY20 base.
 - In FY22, Legislature provided *additional* ongoing revenue of 5% of state base funding
 - With no tuition increase, the only adjustment to Core Funds was 5% General Fund increase on 44% of total Core Funding Revenue = 2.2%
- Expenses have risen by 8.4% (\$50.5 million) since FY20 due to fixed cost increases
 - What are fixed-cost increases?
 - Negotiated union employee pay raises (varies)
 - 3% across-the-board raise for non-represented employees
 - Faculty merit increases
 - Increased employer contribution to employee healthcare premiums
 - Increased employer contribution to UC Retirement Plan
 - Increased operating costs for new facilities (Student Success Center and Plant Research 1)
 - Other inflationary cost increases
- Increase of 2.2% in Core Funds applied against an 8.4% increase in expenses (FY21 and FY22 combined) yields a <u>6.2% deficit</u> in Core Funds
 - Original shortfall of permanent funding in FY21 and FY22 (from Fall 2020), was projected to be 16-20%, or \$77-100 million
 - Central campus administrative <u>organizational level</u> permanent budgets were reduced on average by 15-20%
 - Academic unit budgets were reduced by 11-12%
 - Half of the permanent funding cuts were made in winter 2021
 - With General Funds restoration and augmentation, ongoing deficit projected to be \$40 million
 - Permanent budget cuts reduced to approximately 6.3%-11.4%% on average (lower for the schools and colleges than for central administrative units)

One-Time Funding (Emergency Relief)

- Campus received \$157.3 million in one-time funding in Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds (HEERF), which were distributed as follows:
 - \$70.3 million in direct student grants
 - \$10 million in one-time funds to help organizations adjust to their FY21 budget reductions
 - \$39.8 million to reimburse the campus for lost revenue (mostly to housing and dining)

- \$33 million to directly fund programs and activities that directly support staff, faculty, and students
- \$4.3M held in reserve for future covid-related expenses in FY22

<u>Notes</u>

- 1. Data above exclude \$25 million permanent allocation to the School of Medicine in FY21.
- FY21 fixed cost increases of \$21.2M, or 3.54%
 FY22 fixed cost increases of \$29.3M, or 4.85%
 Cumulative two FY fixed cost increases of \$50.5M, which totals 8.4%